



Dean Runyan Associates

Oklahoma Travel Impacts

by Senate District,
2020

March 2022

Prepared for the

Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Oklahoma Travel Impacts by Senate District, 2020

Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department

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Oklahoma State Senate District Travel Impacts, 2020

The Oklahoma travel industry is one of the major export-oriented industries in the state. The industry is represented primarily by businesses in the leisure and hospitality sector, transportation, and retail. The money that visitors spend in these businesses generate earnings and employment for Oklahoma residents. In addition, state and local governments collect taxes that are generated from visitor spending and travel industry employees and businesses. This study, prepared for the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department, documents the economic significance of the travel industry in Oklahoma's forty-eight senate districts. The estimates are comparable to the county and state travel impacts prepared by Dean Runyan Associates.

The beginning of the report provides three summary tables for the forty-eight senate districts:

- Estimates of senate district spending, earnings, employment and government revenue. These estimates are comparable to the county and statewide travel impact estimates reported by Dean Runyan Associates.
- Estimates of travel-generated and total employment for each district and the statewide share of district employment.
- Estimates of travel-generated tax revenue. These estimates are related to visitor spending - specifically, the amount of tax revenue generated by \$100 of visitor spending and the amount of travel-generated tax revenue per district household.

These tables are followed by a single page for each of the districts that provide all of the information contained in the summary tables.

The appendix describes the methodology and key terms and definitions. Oklahoma Senate District maps can be found at:

<https://oksenate.gov/redistricting/district-maps>

¹ Oklahoma Travel Impacts, 2020 (October 2021). Prepared by Dean Runyan Associates for the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department.

2020 Oklahoma Senate District Travel Impacts

Senate District	Spending	Earnings	Employment	Gov.Revenue (Million)			
				(Counties)	(Million)	(Million)	(Thousand)
1	Craig, Delaware, Mayes, Ottawa	\$385	\$117	4.1	\$6.4	\$17.3	\$23.7
2	Mayes, Rogers	\$133	\$43	1.8	\$4.8	\$6.5	\$11.2
3	Adair, Cherokee, Delaware, Mayes, Rogers	\$155	\$49	2.1	\$4.4	\$7.3	\$11.7
4	LeFlore, Sequoyah	\$206	\$63	2.3	\$4.4	\$9.4	\$13.8
5	Atoka, Choctaw, LeFlore, McCurtain, Pushmataha	\$504	\$127	4.5	\$12.1	\$22.2	\$34.3
6	Atoka, Bryan, Coal, Johnston, Marshall	\$385	\$118	4.2	\$7.1	\$17.3	\$24.4
7	Haskell, Hughes, Latimer, Okfuskee, Pittsburg	\$127	\$41	1.9	\$4.3	\$5.9	\$10.2
8	McIntosh, Okfuskee, Okmulgee, Muskogee	\$150	\$45	2.1	\$4.7	\$7.0	\$11.7
9	Cherokee, Muskogee	\$105	\$30	1.7	\$4.3	\$4.8	\$9.1
10	Kay, Osage	\$200	\$67	2.8	\$5.7	\$9.4	\$15.1
11	Osage, Tulsa	\$109	\$33	1.3	\$4.2	\$5.0	\$9.2
12	Creek, Tulsa	\$53	\$17	0.9	\$1.9	\$2.7	\$4.6
13	Pontotoc, Pottawatomie, Seminole, Garvin, Hughes	\$85	\$30	1.6	\$3.8	\$4.3	\$8.1
14	Carter, Johnston, Love, Murray	\$583	\$164	5.2	\$11.6	\$26.0	\$37.6
15	Cleveland, Oklahoma	\$98	\$35	1.6	\$3.8	\$4.9	\$8.7
16	Cleveland	\$95	\$35	1.6	\$3.6	\$4.7	\$8.3
17	Oklahoma, Pottawatomie	\$74	\$29	1.4	\$3.4	\$3.9	\$7.3
18	Cherokee, Wagoner, Mayes, Muskogee, Tulsa	\$59	\$22	1.2	\$2.3	\$3.1	\$5.4
19	Alfalfa, Garfield, Grant, Kay	\$113	\$37	1.9	\$5.4	\$5.5	\$10.9

2020 Oklahoma Senate District Travel Impacts

Senate District	(Counties)	Spending Earnings		Employment	Gov.Revenue (Million)		
		(Million)	(Million)		(Thousand)	Local	State
20	Kingfisher, Logan, Noble, Pawnee	\$107	\$35	1.7	\$3.6	\$5.3	\$8.9
21	Payne	\$106	\$31	1.6	\$4.3	\$5.1	\$9.4
22	Canadian, Oklahoma	\$50	\$17	0.7	\$2.3	\$2.9	\$5.2
23	Canadian, Grady, Kingfisher	\$103	\$40	1.9	\$4.0	\$5.2	\$9.2
24	Cleveland	\$58	\$19	0.9	\$2.2	\$3.1	\$5.3
25	Tulsa	\$129	\$48	1.7	\$4.9	\$6.1	\$11.0
26	Beckham, Blaine, Caddo, Custer, Roger Mills, Kingfisher	\$103	\$34	2.0	\$4.7	\$5.1	\$9.8
27	Beaver, Cimarron, Dewey, Ellis, Harper, Major, Texas, Woods, Woodward	\$105	\$28	1.6	\$5.1	\$5.1	\$10.2
28	Lincoln, Pottawatomie, Seminole	\$55	\$20	1.1	\$2.2	\$2.9	\$5.2
29	Nowata, Rogers, Washington	\$135	\$45	1.8	\$3.8	\$6.5	\$10.2
30	Oklahoma	\$98	\$29	1.0	\$3.8	\$4.1	\$7.9
31	Comanche, Cotton, Tillman, Jefferson, Stephens	\$93	\$29	1.5	\$4.3	\$4.7	\$9.1
32	Comanche	\$80	\$26	1.3	\$3.7	\$4.1	\$7.9
33	Tulsa	\$71	\$26	0.9	\$2.8	\$3.6	\$6.4
34	Tulsa, Rogers	\$185	\$47	1.7	\$5.0	\$5.5	\$10.6
35	Tulsa	\$73	\$25	1.0	\$3.0	\$3.8	\$6.8
36	Tulsa & Wagoner	\$94	\$32	1.3	\$4.0	\$4.9	\$8.9
37	Tulsa	\$75	\$24	1.0	\$3.3	\$4.0	\$7.2
38	Custer, Greer, Harmon, Jackson, Kiowa, Washita	\$94	\$34	1.9	\$4.2	\$4.7	\$8.9
39	Tulsa	\$125	\$42	1.6	\$5.0	\$6.0	\$11.1
40	Oklahoma	\$211	\$82	2.9	\$8.8	\$10.1	\$18.9
41	Oklahoma	\$105	\$40	1.4	\$4.7	\$5.4	\$10.1

2020 Oklahoma Senate District Travel Impacts

Senate District (Counties)	Spending (Million)	Earnings (Million)	Employment (Thousand)	Gov.Revenue (Million)		
				Local	State	Total
42 Oklahoma	\$96	\$35	1.3	\$4.6	\$5.3	\$9.9
43 Garvin, Grady, McClain, Stephens	\$102	\$35	1.5	\$3.0	\$5.0	\$8.0
44 Oklahoma, Canadian	\$466	\$146	5.3	\$16.8	\$18.1	\$34.8
45 Cleveland, Oklahoma, Canadian	\$195	\$61	2.3	\$6.9	\$7.6	\$14.6
46 Oklahoma	\$143	\$54	2.0	\$6.6	\$7.5	\$14.0
47 Oklahoma	\$95	\$35	1.2	\$4.0	\$4.7	\$8.7
48 Oklahoma	\$164	\$60	2.3	\$7.7	\$8.7	\$16.4
State Total	\$7,139	\$2,278	92.5	\$237.5	\$332.4	\$569.9

2020 Oklahoma Senate District Employment Characteristics

Senate District	District Employment (000)	District Employment (000)		District Pct.of State		
		Total	Travel	Pct.Travel	Total	Travel
1	Craig, Delaware, Mayes, Ottawa	32.9	4.1	12.4%	1.5%	4.4%
2	Mayes, Rogers	57.1	1.8	3.2%	2.6%	2.0%
3	Adair, Cherokee, Delaware, Mayes, Rogers	30.1	2.1	6.9%	1.3%	2.2%
4	LeFlore, Sequoyah	29.6	2.3	7.9%	1.3%	2.5%
5	Atoka, Choctaw, LeFlore, McCurtain, Pushmataha	35.3	4.5	12.8%	1.6%	4.9%
6	Atoka, Bryan, Coal, Johnston, Marshall	42.0	4.2	9.9%	1.9%	4.5%
7	Haskell, Hughes, Latimer, Okfuskee, Pittsburg	35.3	1.9	5.3%	1.6%	2.0%
8	McIntosh, Okfuskee, Okmulgee, Muskogee	26.5	2.1	7.7%	1.2%	2.2%
9	Cherokee, Muskogee	41.9	1.7	4.0%	1.9%	1.8%
10	Kay, Osage	28.8	2.8	9.7%	1.3%	3.0%
11	Osage, Tulsa	66.3	1.3	2.0%	3.0%	1.4%
12	Creek, Tulsa	32.4	0.9	2.7%	1.4%	0.9%
13	Pontotoc, Pottawatomie, Seminole, Garvin, Hughes	43.0	1.6	3.7%	1.9%	1.7%
14	Carter, Johnston, Love, Murray	49.0	5.2	10.5%	2.2%	5.6%
15	Cleveland, Oklahoma	42.9	1.6	3.7%	1.9%	1.7%
16	Cleveland	54.2	1.6	2.9%	2.4%	1.7%
17	Oklahoma, Pottawatomie	29.3	1.4	4.9%	1.3%	1.5%
18	Cherokee, Wagoner, Mayes, Muskogee, Tulsa	26.7	1.2	4.3%	1.2%	1.2%
19	Alfalfa, Garfield, Grant, Kay	43.4	1.9	4.3%	1.9%	2.0%

2020 Oklahoma Senate District Employment Characteristics

Senate District (Counties)	District Employment (000)			District Pct. of State	
	Total	Travel	Pct. Travel	Total	Travel
20 Kingfisher, Logan, Noble, Pawnee	40.7	1.7	4.2%	1.8%	1.8%
21 Payne	45.9	1.6	3.6%	2.1%	1.8%
22 Canadian, Oklahoma	26.6	0.7	2.6%	1.2%	0.7%
23 Canadian, Grady, Kingfisher	42.3	1.9	4.5%	1.9%	2.1%
24 Cleveland	34.4	0.9	2.5%	1.5%	0.9%
25 Tulsa	57.3	1.7	3.0%	2.6%	1.9%
26 Beckham, Blaine, Caddo, Custer, Roger Mills, Kingfisher	43.5	2.0	4.6%	1.9%	2.1%
27 Beaver, Cimarron, Dewey, Ellis, Harper, Major, Texas, Woods, Woodward	46.7	1.6	3.5%	2.1%	1.7%
28 Lincoln, Pottawatomie, Seminole	31.0	1.1	3.4%	1.4%	1.1%
29 Nowata, Rogers, Washington	41.8	1.8	4.3%	1.9%	1.9%
30 Oklahoma	58.7	1.0	1.7%	2.6%	1.1%
31 Comanche, Cotton, Tillman, Jefferson, Stephens	41.1	1.5	3.6%	1.8%	1.6%
32 Comanche	36.5	1.3	3.6%	1.6%	1.4%
33 Tulsa	44.5	0.9	2.1%	2.0%	1.0%
34 Tulsa, Rogers	49.8	1.7	3.4%	2.2%	1.8%
35 Tulsa	65.9	1.0	1.5%	3.0%	1.0%
36 Tulsa & Wagoner	57.8	1.3	2.3%	2.6%	1.4%
37 Tulsa	38.3	1.0	2.6%	1.7%	1.1%
38 Custer, Greer, Harmon, Jackson, Kiowa, Washita	33.6	1.9	5.6%	1.5%	2.0%
39 Tulsa	69.9	1.6	2.3%	3.1%	1.8%
40 Oklahoma	92.4	2.9	3.1%	4.1%	3.1%
41 Oklahoma	41.0	1.4	3.4%	1.8%	1.5%

2020 Oklahoma Senate District Employment Characteristics

Senate District (Counties)	District Employment (000)			District Pct.of State	
	Total	Travel	Pct.Travel	Total	Travel
42 Oklahoma	29.9	1.3	4.3%	1.3%	1.4%
43 Garvin, Grady, McClain, Stephens	39.6	1.5	3.9%	1.8%	1.7%
44 Oklahoma, Canadian	90.0	5.3	5.9%	4.0%	5.8%
45 Cleveland, Oklahoma, Canadian	52.1	2.3	4.5%	2.3%	2.5%
46 Oklahoma	92.3	2.0	2.2%	4.1%	2.2%
47 Oklahoma	44.3	1.2	2.7%	2.0%	1.3%
48 Oklahoma	99.2	2.3	2.3%	4.4%	2.5%
State Total	2,233.8	92.5	4.1%	100.0%	100.0%

2020 Oklahoma Senate District Government Revenue Impacts

Senate District (Counties)	Revenue Generated by \$100 Visitor Spending			Revenue Per District Household		
	Local	State	Total	Local	State	Total
1 Craig, Delaware, Mayes, Ottawa	\$1.7	\$4.5	\$6.2	\$220	\$580	\$800
2 Mayes, Rogers	\$3.6	\$4.9	\$8.5	\$130	\$180	\$310
3 Adair, Cherokee, Delaware, Mayes, Rogers	\$2.8	\$4.7	\$7.6	\$140	\$230	\$370
4 LeFlore, Sequoyah	\$2.1	\$4.5	\$6.7	\$150	\$320	\$480
5 Atoka, Choctaw, LeFlore, McCurtain, Pushmataha	\$2.4	\$4.4	\$6.8	\$380	\$700	\$1,090
6 Atoka, Bryan, Coal, Johnston, Marshall	\$1.8	\$4.5	\$6.3	\$210	\$520	\$730
7 Haskell, Hughes, Latimer, Okfuskee, Pittsburg	\$3.4	\$4.6	\$8.0	\$140	\$200	\$340
8 McIntosh, Okfuskee, Okmulgee, Muskogee	\$3.2	\$4.7	\$7.8	\$160	\$240	\$400
9 Cherokee, Muskogee	\$4.1	\$4.6	\$8.7	\$180	\$190	\$370
10 Kay, Osage	\$2.9	\$4.7	\$7.6	\$140	\$230	\$370
11 Osage, Tulsa	\$4.3	\$5.0	\$9.4	\$130	\$150	\$280
12 Creek, Tulsa	\$3.7	\$5.1	\$8.8	\$70	\$90	\$160
13 Pontotoc, Pottawatomie, Seminole, Garvin, Hughes	\$4.5	\$5.1	\$9.6	\$120	\$140	\$260
14 Carter, Johnston, Love, Murray	\$2.0	\$4.5	\$6.5	\$370	\$840	\$1,210
15 Cleveland, Oklahoma	\$3.9	\$5.1	\$9.0	\$100	\$130	\$230
16 Cleveland	\$3.8	\$5.0	\$8.8	\$100	\$140	\$240
17 Oklahoma, Pottawatomie	\$4.5	\$5.3	\$9.8	\$120	\$140	\$260
18 Cherokee, Wagoner, Mayes, Muskogee, Tulsa	\$3.9	\$5.3	\$9.2	\$70	\$90	\$160

2020 Oklahoma Senate District Government Revenue Impacts

Senate District (Counties)	Revenue Generated by \$100 Visitor Spending			Revenue Per District Household		
	Local	State	Total	Local	State	Total
19 Alfalfa, Garfield, Grant, Kay	\$4.8	\$4.9	\$9.7	\$180	\$190	\$370
20 Kingfisher, Logan, Noble, Pawnee	\$3.5	\$5.0	\$8.5	\$100	\$140	\$240
21 Payne	\$4.0	\$4.8	\$8.9	\$140	\$160	\$300
22 Canadian, Oklahoma	\$4.7	\$5.8	\$10.5	\$70	\$80	\$150
23 Canadian, Grady, Kingfisher	\$3.9	\$5.1	\$9.0	\$100	\$130	\$230
24 Cleveland	\$3.8	\$5.4	\$9.2	\$60	\$80	\$140
25 Tulsa	\$4.5	\$5.3	\$9.8	\$160	\$190	\$340
26 Beckham, Blaine, Caddo, Custer, Roger Mills, Kingfisher	\$4.6	\$5.0	\$9.5	\$150	\$170	\$320
27 Beaver, Cimarron, Dewey, Ellis, Harper, Major, Texas, Woods, Woodward	\$4.8	\$4.8	\$9.7	\$170	\$170	\$350
28 Lincoln, Pottawatomie, Seminole	\$4.1	\$5.3	\$9.3	\$70	\$90	\$160
29 Nowata, Rogers, Washington	\$2.8	\$4.8	\$7.6	\$120	\$200	\$320
30 Oklahoma	\$4.7	\$5.1	\$9.8	\$120	\$130	\$240
31 Comanche, Cotton, Tillman, Jefferson, Stephens	\$4.9	\$5.3	\$10.2	\$140	\$150	\$300
32 Comanche	\$4.7	\$5.2	\$9.9	\$140	\$160	\$300
33 Tulsa	\$4.5	\$5.6	\$10.1	\$90	\$110	\$200
34 Tulsa, Rogers	\$3.8	\$4.1	\$7.8	\$170	\$180	\$350
35 Tulsa	\$4.5	\$5.5	\$10.0	\$110	\$130	\$240
36 Tulsa & Wagoner	\$4.4	\$5.4	\$9.8	\$120	\$140	\$260
37 Tulsa	\$4.5	\$5.4	\$9.9	\$100	\$120	\$230
38 Custer, Greer, Harmon, Jackson, Kiowa, Washita	\$4.4	\$5.0	\$9.5	\$160	\$190	\$350
39 Tulsa	\$4.4	\$5.2	\$9.6	\$150	\$170	\$320

2020 Oklahoma Senate District Government Revenue Impacts

Senate District (Counties)	Revenue Generated by \$100 Visitor Spending			Revenue Per District Household		
	Local	State	Total	Local	State	Total
40 Oklahoma	\$4.6	\$5.2	\$9.8	\$270	\$300	\$560
41 Oklahoma	\$4.9	\$5.6	\$10.5	\$140	\$160	\$300
42 Oklahoma	\$5.0	\$5.6	\$10.6	\$140	\$160	\$290
43 Garvin, Grady, McClain, Stephens	\$3.0	\$4.9	\$7.9	\$100	\$170	\$270
44 Oklahoma, Canadian	\$4.3	\$4.6	\$8.8	\$410	\$440	\$850
45 Cleveland, Oklahoma, Canadian	\$4.2	\$4.6	\$8.8	\$200	\$220	\$420
46 Oklahoma	\$4.7	\$5.3	\$10.1	\$230	\$250	\$480
47 Oklahoma	\$4.9	\$5.5	\$10.3	\$140	\$160	\$300
48 Oklahoma	\$4.7	\$5.4	\$10.1	\$200	\$220	\$420
State Total	\$3.5	\$4.9	\$8.3	\$150	\$210	\$370

Senate District 1

Craig, Delaware, Mayes, Ottawa

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$474	\$385
Earnings (millions)	\$131	\$117
Employment (thousands)	4.6	4.1
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$28.4	\$23.7
Local Tax Revenue	\$7.5	\$6.4
State Tax Revenue	\$20.8	\$17.3

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.5%
Travel-generated employment	4.4%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	12.4%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$1.7	Local tax revenue	\$220
State tax revenue	\$4.5	State tax revenue	\$580
Local & State Total	\$6.2	Local & State Total	\$800

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 2

Mayes, Rogers

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$160	\$133
Earnings (millions)	\$45	\$43
Employment (thousands)	2.0	1.8
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$13.1	\$11.2
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.6	\$4.8
State Tax Revenue	\$7.5	\$6.5

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.6%
Travel-generated employment	2.0%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.2%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$3.6	Local tax revenue	\$130
State tax revenue	\$4.9	State tax revenue	\$180
Local & State Total	\$8.5	Local & State Total	\$310

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 3

Adair, Cherokee, Delaware, Mayes, Rogers

	Travel Impacts	2019	2020
Spending (millions)		\$198	\$155
Earnings (millions)		\$53	\$49
Employment (thousands)		2.3	2.1
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)		\$14.1	\$11.7
Local Tax Revenue		\$5.2	\$4.4
State Tax Revenue		\$8.9	\$7.3

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.3%
Travel-generated employment	2.2%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	6.9%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household		
Local tax revenue	\$2.8	Local tax revenue	\$140
State tax revenue	\$4.7	State tax revenue	\$230
Local & State Total	\$7.6	Local & State Total	\$370

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 4

LeFlore, Sequoyah

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$238	\$206
Earnings (millions)	\$65	\$63
Employment (thousands)	2.5	2.3
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$15.2	\$13.8
Local Tax Revenue	\$4.6	\$4.4
State Tax Revenue	\$10.5	\$9.4

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.3%
Travel-generated employment	2.5%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	7.9%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$2.1	Local tax revenue	\$150
State tax revenue	\$4.5	State tax revenue	\$320
Local & State Total	\$6.7	Local & State Total	\$480

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 5

Atoka, Choctaw, LeFlore, McCurtain, Pushmataha

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$441	\$504
Earnings (millions)	\$104	\$127
Employment (thousands)	3.9	4.5
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$29.8	\$34.3
Local Tax Revenue	\$10.6	\$12.1
State Tax Revenue	\$19.3	\$22.2

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.6%
Travel-generated employment	4.9%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	12.8%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$2.4
State tax revenue	\$4.4
Local & State Total	\$6.8
Local tax revenue	\$380
State tax revenue	\$700
Local & State Total	\$1,090

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 6

Atoka, Bryan, Coal, Johnston, Marshall

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$464	\$385
Earnings (millions)	\$127	\$118
Employment (thousands)	4.6	4.2
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$28.5	\$24.4
Local Tax Revenue	\$8.2	\$7.1
State Tax Revenue	\$20.4	\$17.3

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.9%
Travel-generated employment	4.5%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	9.9%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$1.8
State tax revenue	\$4.5
Local & State Total	\$6.3
Local tax revenue	\$210
State tax revenue	\$520
Local & State Total	\$730

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 7

Haskell, Hughes, Latimer, Okfuskee, Pittsburg

Travel Impacts		
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$170	\$127
Earnings (millions)	\$48	\$41
Employment (thousands)	2.3	1.9
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$13.1	\$10.2
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.6	\$4.3
State Tax Revenue	\$7.5	\$5.9

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.6%
Travel-generated employment	2.0%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	5.3%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$3.4
State tax revenue	\$4.6
Local & State Total	\$8.0
Local tax revenue	\$140
State tax revenue	\$200
Local & State Total	\$340

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 8

McIntosh, Okfuskee, Okmulgee, Muskogee

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$150	\$150
Earnings (millions)	\$41	\$45
Employment (thousands)	2.0	2.1
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$11.3	\$11.7
Local Tax Revenue	\$4.5	\$4.7
State Tax Revenue	\$6.8	\$7.0

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.2%
Travel-generated employment	2.2%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	7.7%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$3.2
State tax revenue	\$4.7
Local & State Total	\$7.8
Local tax revenue	\$160
State tax revenue	\$240
Local & State Total	\$400

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 9

Cherokee, Muskogee

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$131	\$105
Earnings (millions)	\$33	\$30
Employment (thousands)	1.9	1.7
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$11.0	\$9.1
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.2	\$4.3
State Tax Revenue	\$5.8	\$4.8

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.9%
Travel-generated employment	1.8%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	4.0%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.1	Local tax revenue	\$180
State tax revenue	\$4.6	State tax revenue	\$190
Local & State Total	\$8.7	Local & State Total	\$370

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 10

Kay, Osage

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$214	\$200
Earnings (millions)	\$64	\$67
Employment (thousands)	2.8	2.8
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$15.5	\$15.1
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.7	\$5.7
State Tax Revenue	\$9.9	\$9.4

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.3%
Travel-generated employment	3.0%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	9.7%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue \$2.9	Local tax revenue \$140
State tax revenue \$4.7	State tax revenue \$230
Local & State Total \$7.6	Local & State Total \$370

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 11

Osage, Tulsa

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$186	\$109
Earnings (millions)	\$39	\$33
Employment (thousands)	1.7	1.3
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$13.3	\$9.2
Local Tax Revenue	\$6.3	\$4.2
State Tax Revenue	\$7.0	\$5.0

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	3.0%
Travel-generated employment	1.4%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.0%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.3	Local tax revenue	\$130
State tax revenue	\$5.0	State tax revenue	\$150
Local & State Total	\$9.4	Local & State Total	\$280

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 12

Creek, Tulsa

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$67	\$53
Earnings (millions)	\$17	\$17
Employment (thousands)	0.9	0.9
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$5.5	\$4.6
Local Tax Revenue	\$2.4	\$1.9
State Tax Revenue	\$3.1	\$2.7

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.4%
Travel-generated employment	0.9%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.7%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household		
Local tax revenue	\$3.7	Local tax revenue	\$70
State tax revenue	\$5.1	State tax revenue	\$90
Local & State Total	\$8.8	Local & State Total	\$160

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 13

Pontotoc, Pottawatomie, Seminole, Garvin, Hughes

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$107	\$85
Earnings (millions)	\$30	\$30
Employment (thousands)	1.6	1.6
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$9.9	\$8.1
Local Tax Revenue	\$4.7	\$3.8
State Tax Revenue	\$5.2	\$4.3

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.9%
Travel-generated employment	1.7%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.7%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$4.5
State tax revenue	\$5.1
Local & State Total	\$9.6
Local tax revenue	\$120
State tax revenue	\$140
Local & State Total	\$260

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 14

Carter, Johnston, Love, Murray

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$809	\$583
Earnings (millions)	\$201	\$164
Employment (thousands)	6.4	5.2
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$50.1	\$37.6
Local Tax Revenue	\$14.9	\$11.6
State Tax Revenue	\$35.2	\$26.0

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.2%
Travel-generated employment	5.6%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	10.5%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$2.0
State tax revenue	\$4.5
Local & State Total	\$6.5
Local tax revenue	\$370
State tax revenue	\$840
Local & State Total	\$1,210

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 15

Cleveland, Oklahoma

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$145	\$98
Earnings (millions)	\$42	\$35
Employment (thousands)	2.0	1.6
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$12.2	\$8.7
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.4	\$3.8
State Tax Revenue	\$6.8	\$4.9

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.9%
Travel-generated employment	1.7%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.7%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$3.9	Local tax revenue	\$100
State tax revenue	\$5.1	State tax revenue	\$130
Local & State Total	\$9.0	Local & State Total	\$230

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 16

Cleveland

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$143	\$95
Earnings (millions)	\$42	\$35
Employment (thousands)	2.0	1.6
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$11.8	\$8.3
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.2	\$3.6
State Tax Revenue	\$6.6	\$4.7

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.4%
Travel-generated employment	1.7%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.9%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$3.8	Local tax revenue	\$100
State tax revenue	\$5.0	State tax revenue	\$140
Local & State Total	\$8.8	Local & State Total	\$240

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 17

Oklahoma, Pottawatomie

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$103	\$74
Earnings (millions)	\$31	\$29
Employment (thousands)	1.6	1.4
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$9.6	\$7.3
Local Tax Revenue	\$4.5	\$3.4
State Tax Revenue	\$5.1	\$3.9

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.3%
Travel-generated employment	1.5%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	4.9%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.5	Local tax revenue	\$120
State tax revenue	\$5.3	State tax revenue	\$140
Local & State Total	\$9.8	Local & State Total	\$260

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 18

Cherokee, Wagoner, Mayes, Muskogee, Tulsa

	Travel Impacts	2019	2020
Spending (millions)		\$73	\$59
Earnings (millions)		\$22	\$22
Employment (thousands)		1.1	1.2
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)		\$6.2	\$5.4
Local Tax Revenue		\$2.6	\$2.3
State Tax Revenue		\$3.6	\$3.1

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.2%
Travel-generated employment	1.2%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	4.3%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household		
Local tax revenue	\$3.9	Local tax revenue	\$70
State tax revenue	\$5.3	State tax revenue	\$90
Local & State Total	\$9.2	Local & State Total	\$160

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 19

Alfalfa, Garfield, Grant, Kay

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$135	\$113
Earnings (millions)	\$36	\$37
Employment (thousands)	1.9	1.9
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$12.7	\$10.9
Local Tax Revenue	\$6.4	\$5.4
State Tax Revenue	\$6.3	\$5.5

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.9%
Travel-generated employment	2.0%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	4.3%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$4.8
State tax revenue	\$4.9
Local & State Total	\$9.7
Local tax revenue	\$180
State tax revenue	\$190
Local & State Total	\$370

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 20

Kingfisher, Logan, Noble, Pawnee

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$141	\$107
Earnings (millions)	\$39	\$35
Employment (thousands)	1.9	1.7
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$11.4	\$8.9
Local Tax Revenue	\$4.7	\$3.6
State Tax Revenue	\$6.7	\$5.3

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.8%
Travel-generated employment	1.8%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	4.2%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household		
Local tax revenue	\$3.5	Local tax revenue	\$100
State tax revenue	\$5.0	State tax revenue	\$140
Local & State Total	\$8.5	Local & State Total	\$240

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 21

Payne

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$149	\$106
Earnings (millions)	\$35	\$31
Employment (thousands)	2.0	1.6
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$12.7	\$9.4
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.9	\$4.3
State Tax Revenue	\$6.8	\$5.1

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.1%
Travel-generated employment	1.8%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.6%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	Local tax revenue
\$4.0	\$140
State tax revenue	State tax revenue
\$4.8	\$160
Local & State Total	Local & State Total
\$8.9	\$300

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 22

Canadian, Oklahoma

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$65	\$50
Earnings (millions)	\$16	\$17
Employment (thousands)	0.7	0.7
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$6.4	\$5.2
Local Tax Revenue	\$2.9	\$2.3
State Tax Revenue	\$3.5	\$2.9

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.2%
Travel-generated employment	0.7%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.6%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.7	Local tax revenue	\$70
State tax revenue	\$5.8	State tax revenue	\$80
Local & State Total	\$10.5	Local & State Total	\$150

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 23

Canadian, Grady, Kingfisher

	Travel Impacts	2019	2020
Spending (millions)		\$147	\$103
Earnings (millions)		\$44	\$40
Employment (thousands)		2.2	1.9
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)		\$12.6	\$9.2
Local Tax Revenue		\$5.6	\$4.0
State Tax Revenue		\$7.0	\$5.2

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.9%
Travel-generated employment	2.1%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	4.5%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household		
Local tax revenue	\$3.9	Local tax revenue	\$100
State tax revenue	\$5.1	State tax revenue	\$130
Local & State Total	\$9.0	Local & State Total	\$230

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 24

Cleveland

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$77	\$58
Earnings (millions)	\$20	\$19
Employment (thousands)	0.9	0.9
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$6.5	\$5.3
Local Tax Revenue	\$2.7	\$2.2
State Tax Revenue	\$3.8	\$3.1

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.5%
Travel-generated employment	0.9%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.5%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household		
Local tax revenue	\$3.8	Local tax revenue	\$60
State tax revenue	\$5.4	State tax revenue	\$80
Local & State Total	\$9.2	Local & State Total	\$140

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 25

Tulsa

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$200	\$129
Earnings (millions)	\$60	\$48
Employment (thousands)	2.2	1.7
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$16.1	\$11.0
Local Tax Revenue	\$7.4	\$4.9
State Tax Revenue	\$8.7	\$6.1

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.6%
Travel-generated employment	1.9%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.0%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.5	Local tax revenue	\$160
State tax revenue	\$5.3	State tax revenue	\$190
Local & State Total	\$9.8	Local & State Total	\$340

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 26

Beckham, Blaine, Caddo, Custer, Roger Mills, Kingfisher

	Travel Impacts	2019	2020
Spending (millions)		\$124	\$103
Earnings (millions)		\$32	\$34
Employment (thousands)		2.0	2.0
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)		\$11.4	\$9.8
Local Tax Revenue		\$5.6	\$4.7
State Tax Revenue		\$5.8	\$5.1

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.9%
Travel-generated employment	2.1%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	4.6%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household		
Local tax revenue	\$4.6	Local tax revenue	\$150
State tax revenue	\$5.0	State tax revenue	\$170
Local & State Total	\$9.5	Local & State Total	\$320

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 27

Beaver, Cimarron, Dewey, Ellis, Harper, Major, Texas, Woods, Woodward

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$133	\$105
Earnings (millions)	\$29	\$28
Employment (thousands)	1.7	1.6
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$12.5	\$10.2
Local Tax Revenue	\$6.4	\$5.1
State Tax Revenue	\$6.1	\$5.1

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.1%
Travel-generated employment	1.7%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.5%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$4.8
State tax revenue	\$4.8
Local & State Total	\$9.7
Local tax revenue	\$170
State tax revenue	\$170
Local & State Total	\$350

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 28

Lincoln, Pottawatomie, Seminole

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$71	\$55
Earnings (millions)	\$21	\$20
Employment (thousands)	1.2	1.1
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$6.2	\$5.2
Local Tax Revenue	\$2.7	\$2.2
State Tax Revenue	\$3.5	\$2.9

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.4%
Travel-generated employment	1.1%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.4%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$4.1
State tax revenue	\$5.3
Local & State Total	\$9.3
	Local tax revenue
	\$70
	State tax revenue
	\$90
	Local & State Total
	\$160

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 29

Nowata, Rogers, Washington

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$185	\$135
Earnings (millions)	\$50	\$45
Employment (thousands)	2.0	1.8
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$13.4	\$10.2
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.0	\$3.8
State Tax Revenue	\$8.5	\$6.5

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.9%
Travel-generated employment	1.9%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	4.3%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	Local tax revenue
\$2.8	\$120
State tax revenue	State tax revenue
\$4.8	\$200
Local & State Total	Local & State Total
\$7.6	\$320

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 30

Oklahoma

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$167	\$98
Earnings (millions)	\$31	\$29
Employment (thousands)	1.2	1.0
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$10.4	\$7.9
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.1	\$3.8
State Tax Revenue	\$5.3	\$4.1

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.6%
Travel-generated employment	1.1%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	1.7%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household		
Local tax revenue	\$4.7	Local tax revenue	\$120
State tax revenue	\$5.1	State tax revenue	\$130
Local & State Total	\$9.8	Local & State Total	\$240

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 31

Comanche, Cotton, Tillman, Jefferson, Stephens

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$126	\$93
Earnings (millions)	\$30	\$29
Employment (thousands)	1.6	1.5
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$11.2	\$9.1
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.4	\$4.3
State Tax Revenue	\$5.8	\$4.7

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.8%
Travel-generated employment	1.6%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.6%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$4.9
State tax revenue	\$5.3
Local & State Total	\$10.2
Local tax revenue	\$140
State tax revenue	\$150
Local & State Total	\$300

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 32

Comanche

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$107	\$80
Earnings (millions)	\$28	\$26
Employment (thousands)	1.5	1.3
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$9.7	\$7.9
Local Tax Revenue	\$4.6	\$3.7
State Tax Revenue	\$5.1	\$4.1

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.6%
Travel-generated employment	1.4%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.6%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue \$4.7	Local tax revenue \$140
State tax revenue \$5.2	State tax revenue \$160
Local & State Total \$9.9	Local & State Total \$300

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 33

Tulsa

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$105	\$71
Earnings (millions)	\$30	\$26
Employment (thousands)	1.1	0.9
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$8.7	\$6.4
Local Tax Revenue	\$3.9	\$2.8
State Tax Revenue	\$4.8	\$3.6

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.0%
Travel-generated employment	1.0%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.1%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$4.5
State tax revenue	\$5.6
Local & State Total	\$10.1
Local tax revenue	\$90
State tax revenue	\$110
Local & State Total	\$200

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 34

Tulsa, Rogers

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$388	\$185
Earnings (millions)	\$53	\$47
Employment (thousands)	2.0	1.7
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$15.7	\$10.6
Local Tax Revenue	\$7.9	\$5.0
State Tax Revenue	\$7.9	\$5.5

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.2%
Travel-generated employment	1.8%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.4%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household		
Local tax revenue	\$3.8	Local tax revenue	\$170
State tax revenue	\$4.1	State tax revenue	\$180
Local & State Total	\$7.8	Local & State Total	\$350

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 35

Tulsa

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$106	\$73
Earnings (millions)	\$30	\$25
Employment (thousands)	1.2	1.0
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$9.5	\$6.8
Local Tax Revenue	\$4.3	\$3.0
State Tax Revenue	\$5.2	\$3.8

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	3.0%
Travel-generated employment	1.0%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	1.5%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.5	Local tax revenue	\$110
State tax revenue	\$5.5	State tax revenue	\$130
Local & State Total	\$10.0	Local & State Total	\$240

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 36

Tulsa & Wagoner

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$140	\$94
Earnings (millions)	\$39	\$32
Employment (thousands)	1.7	1.3
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$12.6	\$8.9
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.8	\$4.0
State Tax Revenue	\$6.8	\$4.9

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.6%
Travel-generated employment	1.4%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.3%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household		
Local tax revenue	\$4.4	Local tax revenue	\$120
State tax revenue	\$5.4	State tax revenue	\$140
Local & State Total	\$9.8	Local & State Total	\$260

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 37

Tulsa

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$112	\$75
Earnings (millions)	\$28	\$24
Employment (thousands)	1.2	1.0
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$10.1	\$7.2
Local Tax Revenue	\$4.7	\$3.3
State Tax Revenue	\$5.4	\$4.0

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.7%
Travel-generated employment	1.1%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.6%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.5	Local tax revenue	\$100
State tax revenue	\$5.4	State tax revenue	\$120
Local & State Total	\$9.9	Local & State Total	\$230

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 38

Custer, Greer, Harmon, Jackson, Kiowa, Washita

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$132	\$94
Earnings (millions)	\$40	\$34
Employment (thousands)	2.3	1.9
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$12.4	\$8.9
Local Tax Revenue	\$6.0	\$4.2
State Tax Revenue	\$6.3	\$4.7

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.5%
Travel-generated employment	2.0%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	5.6%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	Local tax revenue
\$4.4	\$160
State tax revenue	State tax revenue
\$5.0	\$190
Local & State Total	Local & State Total
\$9.5	\$350

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 39

Tulsa

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$198	\$125
Earnings (millions)	\$52	\$42
Employment (thousands)	2.1	1.6
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$16.2	\$11.1
Local Tax Revenue	\$7.5	\$5.0
State Tax Revenue	\$8.6	\$6.0

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	3.1%
Travel-generated employment	1.8%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.3%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.4	Local tax revenue	\$150
State tax revenue	\$5.2	State tax revenue	\$170
Local & State Total	\$9.6	Local & State Total	\$320

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 40

Oklahoma

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$310	\$211
Earnings (millions)	\$92	\$82
Employment (thousands)	3.5	2.9
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$26.3	\$18.9
Local Tax Revenue	\$12.6	\$8.8
State Tax Revenue	\$13.7	\$10.1

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	4.1%
Travel-generated employment	3.1%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.1%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	Local tax revenue
\$4.6	\$270
State tax revenue	State tax revenue
\$5.2	\$300
Local & State Total	Local & State Total
\$9.8	\$560

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 41

Oklahoma

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$145	\$105
Earnings (millions)	\$44	\$40
Employment (thousands)	1.6	1.4
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$13.4	\$10.1
Local Tax Revenue	\$6.3	\$4.7
State Tax Revenue	\$7.1	\$5.4

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.8%
Travel-generated employment	1.5%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.4%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.9	Local tax revenue	\$140
State tax revenue	\$5.6	State tax revenue	\$160
Local & State Total	\$10.5	Local & State Total	\$300

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 42

Oklahoma

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$132	\$96
Earnings (millions)	\$38	\$35
Employment (thousands)	1.5	1.3
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$13.1	\$9.9
Local Tax Revenue	\$6.2	\$4.6
State Tax Revenue	\$6.9	\$5.3

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.3%
Travel-generated employment	1.4%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	4.3%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue \$5.0	Local tax revenue \$140
State tax revenue \$5.6	State tax revenue \$160
Local & State Total \$10.6	Local & State Total \$290

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 43

Garvin, Grady, McClain, Stephens

	Travel Impacts	
	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$128	\$102
Earnings (millions)	\$35	\$35
Employment (thousands)	1.6	1.5
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$9.4	\$8.0
Local Tax Revenue	\$3.5	\$3.0
State Tax Revenue	\$5.9	\$5.0

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	1.8%
Travel-generated employment	1.7%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	3.9%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue	\$3.0
State tax revenue	\$4.9
Local & State Total	\$7.9
Local tax revenue	\$100
State tax revenue	\$170
Local & State Total	\$270

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 44

Oklahoma, Canadian

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$829	\$466
Earnings (millions)	\$169	\$146
Employment (thousands)	6.5	5.3
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$50.2	\$34.8
Local Tax Revenue	\$25.0	\$16.8
State Tax Revenue	\$25.1	\$18.1

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	4.0%
Travel-generated employment	5.8%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	5.9%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.3	Local tax revenue	\$410
State tax revenue	\$4.6	State tax revenue	\$440
Local & State Total	\$8.8	Local & State Total	\$850

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 45

Cleveland, Oklahoma, Canadian

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$349	\$195
Earnings (millions)	\$70	\$61
Employment (thousands)	2.8	2.3
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$21.1	\$14.6
Local Tax Revenue	\$10.5	\$6.9
State Tax Revenue	\$10.6	\$7.6

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.3%
Travel-generated employment	2.5%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	4.5%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue \$4.2	Local tax revenue \$200
State tax revenue \$4.6	State tax revenue \$220
Local & State Total \$8.8	Local & State Total \$420

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 46

Oklahoma

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$204	\$143
Earnings (millions)	\$61	\$54
Employment (thousands)	2.4	2.0
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$19.3	\$14.0
Local Tax Revenue	\$9.2	\$6.6
State Tax Revenue	\$10.1	\$7.5

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	4.1%
Travel-generated employment	2.2%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.2%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.7	Local tax revenue	\$230
State tax revenue	\$5.3	State tax revenue	\$250
Local & State Total	\$10.1	Local & State Total	\$480

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 47 Oklahoma

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$138	\$95
Earnings (millions)	\$38	\$35
Employment (thousands)	1.4	1.2
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$11.5	\$8.7
Local Tax Revenue	\$5.5	\$4.0
State Tax Revenue	\$6.0	\$4.7

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.0%
Travel-generated employment	1.3%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.7%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates	Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household
Local tax revenue \$4.9	Local tax revenue \$140
State tax revenue \$5.5	State tax revenue \$160
Local & State Total \$10.3	Local & State Total \$300

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Senate District 48

Oklahoma

Travel Impacts

	2019	2020
Spending (millions)	\$234	\$164
Earnings (millions)	\$68	\$60
Employment (thousands)	2.7	2.3
State & Local Tax Revenue (millions)	\$22.4	\$16.4
Local Tax Revenue	\$10.7	\$7.7
State Tax Revenue	\$11.7	\$8.7

Employment Characteristics (2020)

District Percent of Statewide Employment	
All Payroll & Self-employment	4.4%
Travel-generated employment	2.5%
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	2.3%

Visitor-generated tax revenue (2020)

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates		Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household	
Local tax revenue	\$4.7	Local tax revenue	\$200
State tax revenue	\$5.4	State tax revenue	\$220
Local & State Total	\$10.1	Local & State Total	\$420

Travel spending includes visitor spending on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and other travel spending on resident air travel and travel arrangement services. Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income. **Employment** includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker. **Local government revenue** includes lodging and sales taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. These taxes are levied on sales to visitors and the spending of employees attributable to travel industry earnings. Passenger facility charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in districts with airports. Property tax payments attributable to travel industry businesses and employees are also included. **State government revenue** includes lodging, sales, mixed beverage, motor fuel, auto rental, and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Appendices

Data Limitations

Employment Characteristics

Visitor-Generated Tax Revenue

Travel Impact Categories

Summary of Methodology

Data Limitations

Due to data limitations and the need to allocate county-level estimates to legislative districts defined by zip code and population data, it is not possible to report visitor volume and average spending estimates found in the county travel impact report. There are also several issues that should be noted with respect to the interpretation of these findings:

- The **employment** estimates provided in this report refer to the *place of work* of all payroll employees and the self-employed. The estimates reflect the number of jobs rather than the number of employed persons. Some of the employees in a particular legislative district will be residents of another legislative district. The extent to which this occurs in any given legislative district is not estimated in this report. However, it is fair to say that this will occur to a much a greater extent in the many dense urban districts as opposed to the geographically larger rural districts.
- The estimates of local and state **government revenue** in this report also refer to the legislative district where this tax revenue is generated (by point of sale or taxable income). The government entities that collect tax revenue are not necessarily contained within a given legislative district. Therefore, revenue generated within one legislative district may be used to provide services in another. This also is more likely to occur in dense urban districts.
- It should also be noted that the allocation of travel impacts is complicated by the fact that there is visitor travel between and among different geographic areas within the state. This is always an issue in travel impact research. In general, it is more important the smaller the geographic unit, as is the case with dense urban districts.
- The house districts are described in this report with the city of residence of the district representative. The listing of these cities is only intended to provide a general location of the district within the state. They do not purport to be the best or most accurate definition of the district.

²The average population of the 48 Senate Districts was about 83,000 in 2020. Rural districts may encompass several counties. Oklahoma's urban districts, on the other hand, typically comprise a small portion of Oklahoma, Tulsa or other metropolitan counties.

Employment Characteristics

Assume that the district and the state have the following travel-generated and total employment. The calculations follow.

	Total	Travel
District	400	20
State	20,502	925

District Percent of Statewide Employment			
All Payroll & Self-employment	2.0%	=	400/20,502
Travel-generated employment	2.2%	=	20/925
Travel Percent of Total District Employment	5.0%	=	20/400

Visitor-Generated Government Revenue

Assume that the district has the following visitor spending, government revenue and resident households. (Note: Visitor-generated government revenue will be somewhat less than the total government revenue that is reported as it does not include the tax payments of travel industry businesses and employees.) The calculations follow.

Visitor Spending (million)	\$200
Local Gov. Revenue	\$6
State Gov. Revenue	\$8
Households	30,000

\$100 of Visitor Spending Generates

Local Gov. Revenue	\$3.00 = $(\$6/\$200) \times 100$
State Gov. Revenue	\$4.00 = $(\$8/\$200) \times 100$
Local & State Total	\$7.00 = \$3.00 + \$4.00

Visitor-Generated Tax Revenues per District Household

Local Gov. Revenue	\$200 = $\$6,000,000/30,000$
State Gov. Revenue	\$267 = $\$8,000,000/30,000$
Local & State Total	\$467 = \$200 + \$267

Travel Impact Categories

Travel Spending includes *visitor spending* on lodging, food services, recreation, shopping and local transportation and *other travel spending* on resident air travel and travel arrangement services.

Earnings include wages and salaries, paid benefits and self-employment income.

Employment includes all full- and part-time jobs for wage and salary employees and the self-employed. The employment and earnings estimates are for place of work rather than the residence of the worker.

Local government revenue includes lodging, sales and auto rental taxes imposed by cities, counties and other regional tax jurisdictions in Oklahoma. Passenger Facility Charges attributable to visitors (a fee imposed on airline tickets) are included in counties with airports. Property taxes and sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees are also included.

State government revenue includes lodging, sales, motor fuel, mixed beverage and business and personal income taxes imposed by the state of Oklahoma, including the sales tax payments attributable to travel industry employees. The visitor related share of tribal gaming exclusivity fees are also included.

Summary of Methodology

The general method for estimating the economic impact of travel is described in the Oklahoma Travel Impacts report³. The district estimates involved allocating the county level estimates to zip code areas and districts. The following data sources were used in making this allocation.

- Smith Travel Research lodging establishment and room inventory by address. The lodging establishments were matched to legislative districts by a commercial vendor (The Soft Edge, McLean, Virginia).
- U.S. Bureau of the Census Zip code Business Patterns for payroll employment by industry.
- U.S. Bureau of the Census 2010 Housing Characteristics, population, and resident employment characteristics by Zip code.
- U.S. Bureau of the Census State Legislative District Relationship Files.

District total employment (used for estimating the travel-generated employment share) was estimated from county and zip code payroll employment data and total employment estimates for counties prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

³ Oklahoma Travel Impacts, 2020 (October 2021). Prepared by Dean Runyan Associates for the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department.